

Current Transducer HAS 500-S/SP105

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit.



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500

E	ectrical data
N	Primary nominal RMS curre

¹ PN	I filliary florilliar Kivio current	300	$\overline{}$
I_{PM}	Primary current, measuring range	0 ±900	Α
U_{c}	Supply voltage (±5 %) 1)	±15	V
$I_{\rm C}$	Current consumption	±15	mA
R_{INS}	Insulation resistance @ 500 V DC	> 1000	МΩ
U_{out}	Output voltage (Analog) @ $\pm I_{PN}$, $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$, $T_A = 25 \text{ °C}$	±4 V ±40	V
$R_{\rm out}$	Output internal resistance approx	100	Ω
R_{L}	Load resistance 2)	> 1	kΩ

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

ε	Error @ I_{PN} , T_A = 25 °C (excluding offset)		< ±1	%
$arepsilon_{ m L}$	Linearity error 3) (0 ±I _{PN})		< ±1	% of I_{PN}
U_{OE}	Electrical offset voltage, $T_A = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$		< ±20	mV
U_{OH}	Hysteresis offset voltage @ $I_{PN} = 0$),		
	after an ex	xcursion of $1 \times I_{PN}$	< ±20	mV
TCU_{OF}	Temperature coefficient of U_{OF}	−40 °C +85 °C	< ±1	mV/K
		+85 °C +105 °C	< ±1.5	mV/K
TCU_{out}	Temperature coefficient of U_{out} (% o	of reading)	< ±0.1	%/K
t _{D 90}	Delay time to 90 % of $I_{PN}^{(4)}$		< 3	μs
BW	Frequency bandwidth (-3 dB) 5)		DC 50	kHz

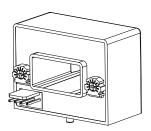
General data

T_{A}	Ambient operating temperature		-40 +105	°C
$T_{\rm S}$	Ambient storage temperature		-40 +105	°C
m	Mass	approx	60	g
	Standard		EN 50178: 1997	
			UL 508: 2010 6)	

Notes: 1) Operating at $\pm 12 \text{ V} \le U_{\text{C}} < \pm 15 \text{ V}$ will reduce the measuring range

- $^2)$ If the customer uses 1 $\bar{k}\Omega$ of the load resistor, the primary current has to be limited as the nominal; To measure the full defined measuring range,the load resistor should be at minimum 10 $k\Omega$
- 3) Linearity data exclude the electrical offset
- 4) For a $di/dt = 50 \text{ A/}\mu\text{s}$
- ⁵⁾ Please refer to derating curves in the technical file to avoid excessive core heating at high frequency
- ⁶⁾ UL conform is applicable @ T_A = -40 °C ... +85 °C.

$I_{PN} = 500 \text{ A}$



Features

- · Hall effect measuring principle
- Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

Special features

- Counter bored hole for transducer fastening
- T_A = −40 °C ... +105 °C.

Advantages

- Easy mounting
- · Small size and space saving
- Low power consumption
- Only one design for wide current ratings range
- High immunity to external interference.

Applications

- AC variable speed drivers and servo drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications.

Application domain

Industrial.



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Insulation coordination			
U_{d}	RMS voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz/1 min	3.6	kV
$U_{\rm Ni}$	Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 μs	> 6.6	kV
		Min	
d_{CD}	Creepage distance	7.08	mm
$d_{ extsf{Cp}} \ d_{ extsf{Cl}}$	Clearance	6.23	mm
CTI	Comparative tracking index (group IIIa)	275	

Applications examples

According to EN 50178 and IEC 61010-1 standards and following conditions:

- Over voltage category OV 3
- Pollution degree PD2
- Non-uniform field

	EN 50178	IEC 61010-1
$d_{\mathrm{Cp}},d_{\mathrm{Cl}},U_{\mathrm{Ni}}$	Rated insulation voltage	Nominal voltage
Basic insulation	600 V	600 V
Reinforced insulation	300 V	300 V

Safety

This transducer must be used in limited-energy secondary circuits according to IEC 61010-1.



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply).

Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

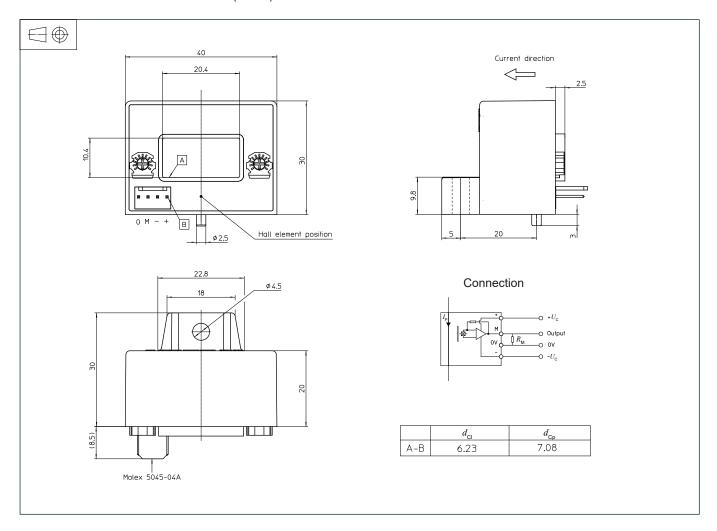
This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.



Dimensions HAS 500-S/SP105 (in mm)



Mechanical characteristics

General tolerance

Transducer fastening

Recommended fastening torque

Connection of secondary

±0.5 mm

1 hole Ø 4.5 mm 1 M4 steel screw

1 WA SIEEL SCIEW

0.75 N·m (±10 %) Molex 5045-04A

Remarks

- $\bullet \ \ U_{\rm out}$ is positive when $I_{\rm P}$ flows in the direction of the arrow.
- Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 105 °C.
- Installation of the transducer must be done unless otherwise specified on the datasheet, according to LEM Transducer Generic Mounting Rules. Please refer to LEM document N°ANE120504 available on our Web site:

https://www.lem.com/en/file/3137/download/.

• Dynamic performances (di/dt and delay time) are best with a single bar completely filling the primary hole.